

The Chauvin Chronicle

AN INDEPENDENT WEEKLY NEWSPAPER
CIRCULATING THROUGHOUT ARTLAND, CHAUVIN, RIBSTONE, MERTON, SIFTON & MANITOULAKE

VOL.6:NO.299 CHAUVIN, ALBERTA, WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 18th 1920 5c. per copy \$1.50 per year in advance

G. W. V. A. Notes

ROLL OF HONOR

The following is a list of the names of the men who left Chauvin District to enlist in the Great War 1914-1918. We know that there are quite a number of corrections necessary and would esteem it a great favour if anyone seeing a name or unit not correctly given or a name left out would please notify this branch Secretary. The names are given alphabetically and are irrespective of length of service.

Akfofs, E. B. 21st Batt
Bagley A. 13rd M. G. C
Beattie, G. M. 2nd How. Bty. 1st. C. F. A.
Black, R. H. R. A. F.
Borngard L. 151st Batt.
Bowman H. C. 50th. Batt.
Byford J. C. W. G. D.
Calder G. Roy. Dub. Fus. (Imperial)
Clyne B. 202 Batt.
Cote R. 1st. Depot Batt.
Cyr P. 31st. Batt.
Cubitt J. 202nd. Batt.
Coulombe E. 1st. Depot Batt.
Cunningham H. S. 2nd. Bty. 1st. C. F. A.

Davignon H. 50th. Batt.
Davignon E. 50th. Batt.
Davignon A. 50th. Batt.
Davignon J. 22nd. Batt.
Davignon R. 10th. Batt.
Dellmunde 43rd. Batt.
Drummond Chas. 2nd. Bty. 1st. C. F. A.
L'Armee de France
Davis A. 10th. Batt.
Dey, W. P. 62nd. Batt.
Dyck C. 451 Batt.
Eggen H. A. C. W. G. D.
Farrel A. R. T.
Ferguson D. C. R. (Signal Corps)
Fisher W. X. 8th. Batt.
Hirst G. C. 7th. Batt.
Hudson J. 194th. Batt.
Johnson J. 15th. Batt.

Lambert E. T. 151st. Batt.
Lapierre P. J. 8th. Batt.
Mann R. E. 8th. P. A.
Matheson C. B. 18th. Batt.
MacDonald J. 21st. Reserve
McKenzie D. M. C. F. C.
McKenzie L. C. 7th. Batt.
McAlister J. 62nd. Batt.
McClintock R. T. 2nd. Batt.
McLennan G. 21st. Reserve
Perry Rupert 21st. Batt. C. F.
Perry Judson 10th. Batt.
Pitman E. A. 10th. Batt.
Peterson A. 21st. Reserve.

Price L. 1st. Depot Batt.
Reynolds R. J. 5th. Batt.
Reinhart J. 21st. Reserve.
Roden W. 3rd V. R. C.
Rudd O. 21st. Reserve.
Sauj T. H. 21st. Reserve
Saul G. M. 10th. Batt.
Sewell W. J. 72nd. Batt.
Smith C. 151st. Batt.
Swan Jeff 194th. Batt.
Stokland A. 10th. Batt.
Spence E. R. N. W. M. P. Batt.
Strachan H. L. S. H.
Surette G. 21st. Reserve
Suy A. 4th. M. G. C.
Wilson C. 151st. Batt.
Windles W. 43rd. Batt.
Winkles C. 63rd. Batt.

The regular meeting of the Ladies Assoc. G.W.V.A. will be held in the G.W.V.A. Club rooms on Saturday, February 28th

WANTED: TWO TEAMS HORSES Sound and good tempered, preferably 6 to 8 years old, weight 1400 lbs. Jno. J. Mc Rae, Sulphur Springs 391P

WESTMINSTER CHURCH CHAUVIN

SUNDAY FEBRUARY 22
11 a.m. Sunday School
3 p.m. Service at Killarney
7.30 p.m. Service at Chauvin

MEETING CALLED TO ORGANIZE TELEPHONE COMPANY SERVING DISTRICT SOUTH OF CHAUVIN

A Public Meeting will be held in the Killarney Schoolhouse, on Monday, February 23rd at 2 p.m., for the purpose of forming a Company to construct a telephone line south of Chauvin.

All those who wish telephonic connection and who desire to become subscribers to the company are requested to be present.

THIS WILL BE A MEETING FOR ACTION. If you want a telephone see that you attend or send in application—otherwise you will not be included

IMPRESSIONS AT CALGARY

Our executive, believing that you would like to publish in your journal, which circulates in a farming community, a first hand report of the salient features of the farmers' parliament just held at Calgary, has requested me to furnish you with the same as seen by myself.

The proceedings opened on Tuesday, January 20th at 9.30 a.m., in the presence of about 200 composed of delegates and visitors from the various U.F.A. locals. On this occasion we got to business with less waste of time than usual, the embryoid having, in the words of the chairman, been cut down to the limit. In turn, the convention was addressed by the Rev. J. James, the Mayor of Calgary, later by the Lieutenant-Governor (who was received all standing in honor of him whom he represented) and by Premier Stewart, who looking round at this great gathering of farmers, (Continued on

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was unmistakably ill at ease. Was this uneasiness due, I asked myself, to the Ontario and Cochrane elections? No time was given to ponder over this problem, for Mr. Elmer, president of the farmers' union in the states of Washington and Idaho brought greetings from south of the line. Mr. Elmer at once became popular—he is a fluent and felicitous speaker, and apt wit. The farmers in Alberta, he said, are much better organized than we are south of the line, and invited the U.F.A. to visit and assist them. You have no problems to solve, so have we, and then, speaking earnestly, he added, in the near future, we shall have, both of us, our international problems to solve—an invitation which will not pass unheeded.

President Wood gave his annual address, followed by Premier J. R. Patterson, of the U.F.W.A., and the Secretary made his annual statement, inner page

Local Notes of Interest

Well here we are again—After the flu—We don't feel good yet. Have no desire for anything and not enough spirit to produce a good paper. We have however filled our space with some very good reading matter, and next week, if we can recover our vigor, we will give you more news.

The regular meeting of the Airline U.F.A. was held Feb 11th. 8 members present and considerable business was transacted. The annual dance will be held March 5th. Next regular meeting February 25th.

The directors of the Chauvin Agricultural Society held a meeting Saturday last. Minutes of which will appear next week. Next regular meeting Saturday March 6th.

In our next issue there will appear the prize list of women's work for the forthcoming August fair.

Norman Strachan has been elected Association convention. The "flu" sized upon this district with great suddenness. Many cases occurring in all parts of the district. The form of the disease was very mild and no deaths have been reported.

Social and public events in all parts of the district were generally postponed, and dates will be announced later.

Mr. Jas. Varty has been leading his wheat at Ribstone last week.

ANCIENT FREE & ACCEPTED MASON'S

ALBION LODGE, No. 97 CHAUVIN, ALBERTA



Meets first Thursday in month.
Visitors Welcome
J. A. Code, W. M.
Wor. Bro. H. N. Freeman, Sec.

ARTLAND AGROUS

The next meeting of the M. I. S. (Grain Growers Association) will be held at Brady on the 25th, when Mr. Geo. Lawson will read a paper on 'The Farmers' Problem'.

We take pleasure in reminding our readers that the 27th instant is the due of the Grain Growers social and dance at Brady.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Rose have left on a visit to Edmonton.

We understand that Mr. Walter Dean having disposed of his farm, intends to leave an early date for pastures new in the north country.

The masquerade dance at Leavings has been postponed to a date yet to be fixed

MUNICIPAL DISTRICT OF RIBSTONE NO. 421 Change Of Polling Station

The Polling Station for Division 3 of the Municipal District of Ribstone No. 421 will be at the Seviery Farm, on Sec'y-2-2-W4m.; and the Deputy Returning Officer will be H. Foreman Esq.

H. S. Burton
Returning Officer

MUNICIPAL DISTRICT OF RIBSTONE NO. 421 Nomination Meeting

A public meeting for the discussion of Municipal Affairs, and for the Nomination of Councillors for the Municipal District of Ribstone (Division 1-2-3-4) will be held in the Municipal Hall at Ribstone on Friday the 20th day of February at one o'clock in the afternoon. Meeting will be open for nominations from 3 to 4 o'clock p.m.

H. S. Burton
Returning Officer

The next meeting of the Greengate U.F.A. will be held March 5th

"THE TARRIFF"

BY ROBERT JUKES, . . .

GRAIN GROWERS ASSOCIATION
MANITOULAKE LOCAL,
Meeting, January 31st 1920

Fellow Royal Colonial Institute
"To him that hath shall be given, and from him that hath not shall be taken away even that which he hath."

It is hardly necessary, perhaps, to point out that within the narrow limits of a paper like this, it is not possible to go very deeply into so wide a subject as the Tariff. I will, however, endeavour to submit to your attention, and I venture also a hope, your interest, upon a few points among the many that the subject offers.

The conflict of opinion since 1730 or thereabouts between two opposing groups that may not inappreciably be compared to hostile Canada, has been severe, and in some instances, acrimonious. From the day that Adam Smith's great work was published the "Wealth of Nations," the statesmen of all nations have ever had before them the solution of severe economic problems. The influence and power of each nation outside its own frontiers, combined with rising prosperity and strength within, constituted the supreme object of their solicitude.

In their words extreme individualism developed. The theory of competition among nations as such, no less than between individuals, was viewed merely in the light of the dream of a visionary, or the sentimental aspiration of the idealist.

Smith, with courage and conviction, attacked these tendencies, and breaking new ground, prominently introduced into the field of battle, the opposing forces known as FREE TRADE & PROTECTION.

Out of this situation rapidly evolved the question of tariffs or duties, the leading lines in the general scheme of the doctrine of Protection. As the situation stands today, one nation alone follows Free Trade almost alone in its entirety, that being, as you are aware, or course, the United Kingdom. Among the great nations of Empire, viz. Australia, South Africa and Canada, whose fiscal policies all follow the line of Protection.

The other great nations of the world face a duties and tariff. This fact causes long surprise, if it is borne in mind that the most distinguished economists among these countries, declared that though Free Trade in the abstract is a sound doctrine, in practice it was under certain defined conditions impossible to avoid Protection. This admission is at once indicative of a sound doctrine is practically rejected on the ground of impracticability, and operating in its stead is a policy based on a theory that benefits not the entire community, but certain sections only. On this point, and upon it alone, I base my entire opposition to Protection, its bounties, its duties, its subsidies, its tariffs, its duties and all the rest of the machinery that is supposed to work in the interests of a country's entire population, whereas in actual practice it benefits sections only at the expense of, and through the sacrifices of the majority—a majority composed of, where Protection prevails, of that vast mass of inarticulate humanity that today is at the mercy of a perfectly organized and whose only thought is whose only care is Self and Company.

If you desire a concrete example of the point I am endeavouring to convey, it is only necessary to indicate the case of the head of the Eastern Manufacturing concern, who, in reply to a question from the recent Royal

Commission on exorbitant profits, stated quite simply: "This factory is not run in the interest of God Almighty, or anybody else, but entirely for myself and the shareholders."

This language and the sentiment expressed, is an admirable specimen of pure downright cynicism and as such, was condemned by the public and the press. Thus brutally stated, the opinion may be accepted as the view of a powerfully entrenched group, against whom that inarticulate mass, the majority, may break themselves like the waves of the sea on the rocks of an ironbound coast.

Let us, however, descend from the discussion of generalities, of theories, and the retention of the obvious, to hard pan, to the bed rock of fact, and examine the tariff more closely. Three important points should be borne in mind, always:—

First—that that from the cradle to the grave, man requires the primary essentials of existence, such as food, shelter, and without toll for the benefit of any individual or group—Shelter—Food—Clothing.

Secondly—that a bounty in favor of the manufacturer, or other interest, in the form of import duty through the tariff on articles similar to his own production, AFTER he is established, and the continuance of which, he claims, is necessary to his existence, is a fallacy.

Thirdly—the wide misunderstanding, and the consequent of thought prevailing, that, wages range higher in the protected than in other employments. They do not. They depend on the general rate paid throughout the country, and if the demand for particular kinds of labour is artificially increased, the consequence is that labour is drawn from other lines, so that employment is given to protected trades to a greater number, but not at a higher rate. The gain by Protection, if it exists, is for the employers only. It increases, the consequence is that I would impress on you. I maintain, therefore from John Stuart Mills to the New York Liberal Club:

"I hold every form of Protection to be an employment of the powers of Government, to tax the many with the intent of promoting the pecuniary gains of the few." I maintain, therefore that if the Dominion import duties were abolished, the manufacturers would not be swamped in the anticipated resulting flood from the United States and the United Kingdom. His would be secure, if his footing was the firmness and security of fifty years of undisturbed Protection, he given him. His profits would certainly be far less, but the increased power of the silent mass to purchase would gradually restore the balance on all commodities, both to the producer and the consumer.

Taking a special industry, such as Agriculture, which in the Dominion represents sixty per cent of the population, the argument applies with an extraordinary force. If all Agriculture, the Dominion, and the produce of tariff burden, and all the produce of the farm and of the ranch, possessed an absolute clear passage, rest us say to the States, and the later possessed similar condition with no excise duties, no Customs and duties and tariffs, the Dominion and the States and of the Dominion into one country, from the commercial angle of view (Continued on inner page)

Mr. MacDonald, of Viking, has been appointed manager of the Chauvin branch of the Merchants Bank and has taken up his duties, relieving Mr. Anderson who is appointed to Canmore.

KEITHS LIVERY BARN, CHAUVIN

Auditors Financial Statement and Annual Returns of the Municipal District of Ribstone, No. 421; for the Year 1919

RECEIPTS

Balance from Previous Year	\$1,861.19
General Municipal Taxes	10,652.82
Supplementary Revenue Tax	4,452.79
Seed Grain Advances	7,415.26
School Taxes	12,718.21
Educational Taxes	411.58
Received on Doctor's account	12,000.00
Loans from Bank, Municipal	40,000.00
Loans from Bank, Seed Grain	12.43
Cemetery	48.99
Provincial Treasurer	2,832.00
Wild Land Taxes	2.29
Tax Enforcement Returns	100.00
Sundries	522.17
Rent of Municipal Hall	100.00
Outstanding Cheques	522.17

Total \$91,770.58

ASSETS

Bank Balance	11,257.47
Balance Cash on Hand	2,098.45
Uncollected Municipal Taxes	15,459.41
Uncollected Supplementary Revenue Taxes	6,856.23
Uncollected Seed Grain Advances Current	27,658.00
Uncollected Seed Grain Advances Arrears	1,752.20
Uncollected Destruction Fats and Woods	194.09
Uncollected School Taxes	15,896.20
Uncollected Educational Taxes	622.71
Uncollected Wild Land Taxes	5,005.68
Office Furniture and Fixtures	393.59
Machinery and Tools	551.07
Lands and Buildings (Hall)	1,016.61
Cemetery Land and Fences	425.05
Loans to Sick and Needy Persons	1,027.99
Veterinary Instruments	12.94
Total	\$90,155.52

DISBURSEMENTS

Outstanding Cheques 1918 Paid Out	446.85
Councillors' Fees and Mileage for Meetings	357.70
Salaries Sec-Treas, 1920.00	
Auditor 7000	1,090.00
Wild Lands Taxes, Paid to Department	2,506.00
Taxes on Hall	5.36
Secretary-Treasurer's Bond	7.50
Destruction of Noxious Weeds	194.00
Coyote Bounty	216.00
Grant to Agricultural Society	100.00
Postage Stamp etc.	118.13
Road Divisions	298.80
Election Expenses	220.75
Health Department	271.35
Stationery and Supplies	66.00
Delegates Expenses and Membership Fee	154.73
Cemetery	339.00
Councillors' Fees for Inspection	419.00
Loans to Sick and Needy Persons	10,930.77
Labor	144.28
Costs T.E.R.	5.50
Machinery and Repairs	17.00
Appeals Expenses	307.44
Material	6,074.50
Supplementary Revenue Tax Paid Department	6,074.50
Seed Grain Advances Paid Out	36,076.62
Paid to School Districts	9,246.95
Uncollected Tax Paid Department	5,065.68
Paid to Hospital Board	149.04
Paid on Loans	4,000.00
Interest and Exchange	3,575.96
Refunds on Taxes	52.21
Registration Fees	8.00
Balance in Bank	11,257.47
Cash on Hand	2,098.45
Total	\$91,770.58

EDUCATIONAL TAXES

Current Taxes	466.79
Arrears Including Penalties	549.93
Total Taxes	1,016.72
Total Amount Collected	411.58
Exemptions and Cancellations	2.56
Amount Uncollected	111.21
Balance Due Dept. from Previous Years	622.71
Amount Paid Dept. Including Previous Years	505.24
Amount Collected But Not Paid to Dept.	17.55

SEED GRAIN ADVANCES

Amount of Seed Grain Loan from Bank	40,000.00
No. of Loans Made to Ratepayers	274
Amount of Loans Made to Ratepayers	36,076.62
Amount Repaid to District by Ratepayers	12,718.21
Amount of Interest Paid on Loans by Ratepayers	508.79
Amount Repaid to Bank by Dist. on Loan	11,603.63
Amount of Interest Paid to Bank on Loans	2,427.95
Amount Due to District from Ratepayers	29,430.80
Amount Due to Bank from District	3,206.47
Amount Paid to Bank, Outstanding	11,603.63

WILD LANDS TAX STATEMENT

Total Assessed Acreage 11,229, Assessed at	142,641.00
Current Levy at 10 mills	1,426.41
Arrears Including Penalties	8,473.58
Total Taxes Due	7,997.79
Amount Collected	2,832.00
Amount Cancelled	232.88
Amount Uncollected	5,065.68
Total Amount Paid to the Department	2,805.00
Amount Collected But Not Paid to the Dept.	28.00

SUPPLEMENTARY REVENUE TAX ACCOUNT

No. of Acres Assessed 17,192	6,803.01
Current Levy at 4 mills per Day	8.95
Added Amount on Minimum Tax	4,224.74
Arrears, Including Penalties	11,036.70
Total Taxes Due	4,652.79
Amount Collected	6,856.23
Amount Cancelled	44.64
Am't. Due Dept. from Previous Year's Collections	1,840.62
Total Amount Paid Department	690.30
Amount Collected But Not Paid to Dept.	232.11

Number of Resident Farmers in District 600
Estimated Population of District 1800

I hereby Certify to the Correctness of this Statement
Dated at Chauvin this fifth day of February 1920.

T. H. SAUL, Secretary-Treasurer
A. C. NACHTBERG, Auditor

SCHOOL TAXES

School District	Area	No. of Acres	Total Assessed Valuation	Rate per Acre	Current Taxes	Arrears Including Penalties	Total Taxes	Total Amount Collected	Exemptions and Cancellations	Amount Uncollected	Amount of 1919 Current Year	Amount of 1918 Current Year
St Jean Baptiste	2828	9352	9511.67	20	1799.23	1454.60	3254.82	560.19	2794.64	1400.00	933.20	1844.25
Killmarney	2536	11765	14805.26	8	1184.50	1799.23	2983.72	237.02	2056.50	1000.00	680.00	703.16
Airbe	1960	8566	9511.18	15	1431.27	672.36	2103.63	76.09	1324.54	1238.60	1344.20	1086.14
Prosperity	1915	10728	115310.30	8	926.48	708.76	1635.24	642.93	992.31	800.00	1150.00	735.61
Edinburg	1073	15479	176404.64	6	1058.72	1087.11	2145.83	809.97	1235.86	1000.00	800.00	1070.88
Northern Crown	2940	5381	49858.10	15	747.87	658.64	1404.51	410.63	394.22	400.00	200.00	356.62
Green Meadow	2397	3961	3816.00	10	388.16	293.09	681.25	260.32	100.40	375.00	293.75	222.01
Crenhill	2604	8989	89005.05	8	791.24	1392.68	2183.92	643.87	1540.05	800.00	900.00	625.33
Ribstone	1629	122834	12414.10	6	744.89	824.86	1569.75	413.82	1156.43	800.00	800.00	213.53
Boros	2193	3528	36720.00	10	367.20	352.84	720.04	378.63	215.26	300.00	150.00	150.00
Prospect Valley	2152	8079	63016.60	11	659.78	313.20	973.17	386.45	426.72	600.00	600.00	365.44
La Pearl	2694	8132	78005.00	10	780.05	731.54	1511.69	433.44	1078.25	600.00	600.00	517.64
Bloomington Valley	1757	8139	98538.20	10	895.38	997.03	1992.41	703.25	50.54	1178.52	700.00	622.64
McCaferly	2729	1120	9600.00	9	86.40	261.42	347.82	27.15	320.67	35.00	35.00	82.66
		1114224	1232428.81		11981.87	11368.74	23350.61	7116.36	128.05	15896.20	10299.20	9246.95

PARTICULARS OF CREDITS & DISBURSEMENTS OF DIVISIONS

Division No.	Amount of Amendment (Credit & Debit)	Balance from Previous Year	Balance from Current Year	Net Credit	Amount Paid	Amount Received	Cr. Balance
Division No. 1.	1992.00	49.05	2041.05	1884.47	106.55	78.03	
Division No. 2.	1935.29	25.65	1960.94	1960.94	94.95	40.29	
Division No. 3.	2256.00	352.80	2608.80	2173.01	73.44	369.25	
Division No. 4.	2412.00	25.67	2437.67	2308.35	44.30	85.02	
Division No. 5.	1326.00	29.20	1355.20	1152.45	4.25	159.09	
Division No. 6.	1992.00	55.70	2047.70	1584.19	55.35	298.18	
Ribstone Hamlet	64.80	64.80	64.80	64.00		.80	
Total	15065.60	64.85	432.22	12418.27	10830.77	272.94	1170.66

STATEMENT OF EXPENDITURE ON ROADS

Location of Expenditure	Amount	Amount of 1919 Current Year	Amount of 1918 Current Year
Division No. 1.	8.90	1595.12	1965.05
Division No. 2.	15.25	1852.00	1897.25
Division No. 3.	4.15	1959.30	2248.45
Division No. 4.	39.80	2162.85	2352.66
Division No. 5.	3.60	1152.20	1156.80
Division No. 6.	45.10	1604.44	1649.54
Hamlet of Ribstone	64.00	64.00	64.00
Total	116.80	10751.91	11305.71

PARTICULARS OF ASSESSMENT & TAX ACCOUNTS

MUNICIPAL TAXES

Division No.	Assessed Acreage	Total Assessed Valuation	Current Taxes Mill Rate 7	Arrears, Including Penalties	Total Taxes Due	Total Taxes Paid	Exemption and Cancellations	Amount Uncollected	Value of Exempted Lands
Division No. 1.	30206	327470.36	2195.55	2493.95	4689.50	1746.47	6.32	3084.60	21588.00
Division No. 2.	24614	232522.53	2195.55	1408.22	3603.77	1777.51	94.95	2727.15	52492.00
Division No. 3.	24148	298576.32	2473.15	2482.71	4955.86	2081.99	27.57	2988.61	47701.00
Division No. 4.	24561	296514.73	2856.27	1680.74	4537.01	1901.67	58.96	2693.65	14294.00
Division No. 5.	34671	297046.45	1491.79	1696.73	3188.52	1068.68	12.04	2105.24	84732.00
Division No. 6.	28182	276512.39	2175.68	1732.37	3908.05	1759.65	29.49	2149.40	69319.00
Ribstone Hamlet	36	8128.00	67.38	14.55	71.93	43.68		29.66	550.00
Total	204359	2169922.07	13155.64	11789.37	23405.01	10652.82	167.02	12652.41	291728.00

MEMORANDUM OR EQUIPMENT

Number of Sides	2
Number of Grades	1
Number of Ploughs	1
Number of Churns	37
Number of Scrapers	64
Number of Tables	1
Heater	1
1 Small Veterinary Outfit	

CHAUVIN LODGE No. 93
I.O.O.F.
Meets every Wednesday.
Visiting Brothers Welcome
P. H. Perry, N. G. T. H. Saul Secy.

LAURA SECORD LODGE No. 60
Rebekah Order I.O.O.F.
Meets First and Third Tuesday
each month
Visiting Members Welcome
V. M. Perry, N. G.
D. Smith, Secy.
Visiting Members Welcome

GET A HIGHER GRADE CROP NEXT FALL BY CLEANING YOUR SEED

HERO FANNING MILLS, 32 inch	42.00
HERO FANNING MILLS, 24 inch	37.50
BAGGERS for above	9.50

VIKING CREAM SEPARATORS, 450 lbs
Machines Absolutely Guaranteed 80.00

26 foot WOOD BOSS HARROWS, (while they last, only a few left) for Cash 35.00

CODE BROS' Implements & Garage CHAUVIN

Village of Edgerton By-law No. 4

A By-law of the Village of Edgerton to Restrict and Regulate the running at large or Trespassing of Animals. The Council of the Village of Edgerton enacts as follows:—

In this By-law unless the context otherwise requires.

(a) "Animal" means any head of cattle, horse, sheep, goat, swine, or poultry.

(b) "Cattle" means any bull, cow, ox, heifer, steer, or calf.

(c) "Horse" means any horse, mare, gelding, colt, filly, ass or mule.

(d) "Sheep" means any ram, ewe, wether or lamb.

(e) "At large" means without being under the control of the owner or possessor, either by being securely tethered or under direct or continual charge of a herder or by confinement within any building, fence or other enclosure.

2. It shall not be lawful to allow any animal to run at any time of the year, within the limits of the Village of Edgerton.

3. Except as prescribed or restricted by law or by this By-law or other by-law or by-laws of the Village, it shall be lawful for animals to run at large within the said Village and no person within the said Village and no person shall be liable to an action for trespass in respect of any animal at large under the provisions of this law, unless the lands or premises trespassing upon are enclosed by a lawful fence.

4. Any animal found at large or trespassing upon any lands or premises enclosed by a lawful fence, contrary to the provisions of this By-law, shall be liable to be impounded and sold according to the provision of this By-law unless the damages, expenses and fees be sooner paid.

5. Nothing in this By-law shall prevent any person from waiving his rights under this By-law and taking action to recover compensation in any court of competent jurisdiction from any person owning or having the custody of any animal through which any damage has been caused, contrary to the provisions of this By-law.

6. There shall be established in the Village a public pound or pounds with a poundkeeper for each whose remun-

eration shall be such fees and charges as he shall be entitled to under the provisions of this by-law.

7. The said pound shall be for the impounding of animals at large or trespassing contrary to the provisions of this or any other bylaw of the Village which said impounding may be done by any person other than the poundkeeper.

8. Whenever any animal is impounded it shall be the duty of the poundkeeper to retain same until the owner or owners thereof shall have paid the fees and damages, if any claimed for the trespass.

9. Whenever any animal has been confined or detained by any person under the provisions of this By-law for the purpose of impounding the same if the owner of the animal or some person in his behalf pays or tenders to the person seizing or having charge of such animal before same has been actually impounded the charge for which the said animal has then become liable, under this by-law, the person having charge of such animal shall deliver up the same to the owner or the person tendering the said charges on his behalf.

10. Nothing contained in this By-law shall deprive the owner of any animal impounded of any action remedy or right that he may have at common law or otherwise by reason of the same being unlawfully seized, detained or impounded.

11. Any person who leaves open any gate or lets down any bars or makes a gap in any fence for purpose of permitting any animal to trespass shall be guilty of an offence to trespass shall be guilty of an offence.

12. Any person claiming any damage for trespass by any animal impounded may at the time of the impounding of such animal, deliver to the Village a written statement in writing showing the nature and amount of his demand, and any person failing to deliver such statement at such time shall have no recourse to the provisions of this By-law as to the collection of damages.

13. Upon the receipt of such statement the Village shall, if the owner of the animal be unknown to him, apply to the Reeve or to any one of the Councillors of the Village or to the nearest Justice of the Peace who is hereby authorized and required to summon three disinterested inhabitants of the Village to appraise and such three appraisers or any two of them, shall, within twenty-four hours after being summoned as aforesaid view the ground on which the animal or animals were found doing the damage and appraise the damage committed and the determination of a majority of the said appraisers shall be conclusive as to such claim and the amount thereof, and they shall within twenty-four hours after having made the view give in writing to the poundkeeper a statement of the amount of the damages assessed by them and said amount shall be the sum to be collected from the owner or to be retained by the poundkeeper from the sale of the animal or animals as appraised damages.

14. If the owner of any impounded animal is known to the poundkeeper as the owner of such animal the poundkeeper shall forthwith deliver at or mail by registered post to the address of such owner a notice in the following form:

Notice is hereby given that (description of animal impounded giving registered brand, if any, marks and points) was impounded in the pound kept by the undersigned on (the description of the place where pound is located) on the day of A.D. 19...
Given under my hand at this day of A.D. 19...

Signature of Poundkeeper
To

(If a claim for damages shall have been made the poundkeeper shall embody in the said notice the following or to the like effect

Notice is hereby given that damages to the amount of has been made by and that if you wish to have this claim appraised you are required within three days from the receipt of this notice to notify me to that effect, other the claim will be taken to be admitted" If the owner shall, within three days from the receipt of this notice inform the poundkeepers of this

desire to have appraisers appointed the poundkeeper shall forthwith apply for the appointment of appraisers as in section 12 hereof and thereafter the provisions of section 12 as to appointment, view and award shall govern. The appraisers shall be allowed fees as set out in section 12 hereof. If the amount of the appraised damages equals or exceeds the amount claimed by the claimant then the amount of the appraisers' fees shall be paid by the owner or retained from the proceeds of the sale of the animal or animals, but if the amount of appraised damages shall be less than the amount claimed by the claimant then the appraisers fees shall be paid by the claimant, or retained out of the amount due him as appraised damages)

2. If the owner shall not within three days from the receipt of the notice that a claim for damages has been made inform the poundkeeper of his desire to have appraisers appointed, the claim and the amount thereof will be taken to be admitted and there fore shall be treated as appraised damages.

3. In case such owner is not known and such owner or person notified shall not within ten days after the posting or delivery of the notice referred to in sub-section (1) hereof appear at the pound and release the animal so impounded by the payment of the appraised claim for damages the poundkeepers fees and mileage and allowance and the appraisers fees where the same are due under this By-law the poundkeeper shall cause to be inserted once each week for two consecutive weeks in some newspaper circulated in the Village a notice in the following form:

Notice is hereby given that (description of animal impounded giving registered brand, if any, marks and points) was impounded in the pound kept by the undersigned on (description of the place where pound is located) the day of A.D. 19...
Given under my hand at this day of A.D. 19...

MANY FARM BUYERS ARE NOW IN SIGHT

I KNOW WHERE TO FIND A MAN WITH MONEY FOR THAT FARM YOU WANT TO SELL, BUT THE PRICE MUST BE RIGHT

TALK IT OVER AT HOME AND BE SURE YOU WANT TO SELL THEN GIVE ME YOUR LISTING

MY EXPERIENCE AS A "LAND MAN" WILL SAFEGUARD YOUR INTERESTS WHEN WE COME TO PREPARING DOCUMENTS OF SALE.

A. C. GIFFORD, .. Chauvin, Alberta

A Few bushels still left of this good seed. Better get your order in for enough from which to grow seed for another year.

MARQUIS WHEAT FOR SALE

Cleaned \$3.00 per bushel

Grown From Registered Seed, Second Generation From Elite Stock.

R. BEATTY, Greenglade, Alberta.

PHONE 26— WHEN NEEDING COAL —PHONE 26

Why Leave Your Horses Standing Out In The Cold?
Bring Your Own Feed And Stand Here For .25c

CHAUVIN LIVERY BARN

Good Horses and Careful Drivers
Commercial Trade: A Speciality
Dray Line In Connection

W. JOHNSTON, Proprietor

PHONE NO. 26

CHAUVIN, Alberta



Good pipes and good pipe values are here also cigars, cigarettes smoking tobacco and other things smokers want.

G. MC NUTT
THE POOL ROOM
CHAUVIN, ALBERTA

VELVETEEN: Splendid Quality, Smooth Even Pile,
in Black, Navy, Red, Brown, 22 inch wide, pr yd 1.25

LADIES HOSE, Black Union Cashmere Hose, Full
Fashioned, Medium Weight, pr pair .60

MENS STRIPED COTTONADE PANTS: A good
tough work pant per pair 2.50

A HEAVIER QUALITY STRIPED COTTONADE
WORK PANT. Finished with Belt Loops and Cuff at
Bottom 3.25

MENS STRIPED COTTON PANTS, A good medium
weight, dark patterns, well finished 4.25

Signature of Poundkeeper

4. Every poundkeeper shall, without charge, in addition to any copies of any notice which he may be required to post or deliver, post a copy of every such notice in a conspicuous place at his pound and in the nearest post office and shall keep and maintain such notice at his pound during the whole of such time as such notice may refer to. 14. If any poundkeeper impounds or assists or invites or employs any person to impound any animal in the Village unless such animal was an estray or was trespassing upon the poundkeepers own property he shall in addition to any civil liability which he may incur by reason thereof be guilty of an offence and liable to summary conviction to a penalty not exceeding \$100.00.

(2) Every poundkeeper shall keep the pound to which he is appointed clean, and in good repair, and he shall supply the animals impounded therein with sufficient and wholesome sustenance and provide for them such shelter as is commonly provided at the time for animals of similar class in the vicinity and the poundkeeper may send such animals out of pound at all times and at all places for grazing or watering and every poundkeeper shall be responsible to the owner of any impounded animal for all loss or damage occasioned by any act or negligence of himself or his agent. An open wire corral shall in no case be regarded as suitable pound.

15. When any animal shall not have been released from the pound within twenty days after the notice has been inserted for the last time in a newspaper as herein provided the said animal shall be sold by public auction after notice of such sale has been posted for eight days in three conspicuous places within the Village, one of which shall be in the post office nearest the pound, and at such sale the poundkeeper shall be

the auctioneer. The sale shall be as designated by the By-law of the Village and shall commence at the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon. The poundkeeper shall not deliver in person or by agent purchase any animal at such sale or have any interest of any kind in any animal so purchased.

(2) No poundkeeper making a sale under the provisions of this By-law shall be liable to a penalty for selling without a license as an auctioneer.

16. If more than one animal is impounded and the owner thereof is known the poundkeeper shall sell sufficient of such animals to satisfy the claims for damages, expenses and fees chargeable against the animals, and the owners of the animals shall be entitled to those remaining unsold.

(2) If the owner of the animals is unknown the poundkeeper shall sell all the animals impounded.

(3) The poundkeeper shall immediately after such sale sent to the treasurer a description of the animal or animals sold at such sale, the amount realized and the disposition thereof.

17. The proceeds of the sale of any impounded animal sold under the provisions of this By-law shall be applicable in payment—

(a) Of any costs or charges attending such sale.

(b) Of all sustenance fees.

(c) To the impounder of such animal the amount due him for capturing and impounding the same, and to the claimant for damage done, and of appraisers fees. If same shall be due under this by-law and the residue, if any, shall be paid to the owner of such animal or if not claimed at the time of sale by any person entitled thereto, to the treasurer of the Village.

(2) Any money received by the treasurer under the provisions of the next preceding subsection shall be paid to the owner of the animal sold on evidence satisfactory to the council being furnished as to the applicant's

title thereto and the application thereof being made to the council within twelve months of date of sale, otherwise such money shall form part of the general revenue fund of the Village.

18. The following shall be the tariff of the poundkeepers fees in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

For each Stallion or Jack 50c

For each Bull 50c

For each other Animal 50c

Provided that the total poundkeepers fees not including commission or sales, shall not exceed \$10 and disbursements for advertising.

For posting notices each such notice to include all such animals impounded at one distress \$1.00

For notice in Newspaper, actual cost For selling impounded animals as directed by by-law 25 per cent commission on the amount realized on the sale.

For attending summonses and serving same on appraisers .25 cents each and 10 cents per mile one way for each sale personally travelled.

(b) To the poundkeeper for the care and sustenance of each animal for each day or portion of a day

For each Stallion or Jack . . . \$1.50

For each Bull 1.00

For each other Animal 1.00

(c) To the owner or tenant of any land in the Village for capturing or impounding a stallion or bull of one year old or upwards at large contrary to this by-law \$5.00 and on receiving settlement or realizing from the sale such amount shall be paid over by the poundkeeper to the person entitled.

(3) Such fees and no others shall be paid for such purposes

(3) Nothing contained in this by-law shall deprive the owner of any animal impounded of any action, remedy or right he might have at common law or otherwise by reason of said animal being unlawfully impounded.

19 The provisions of the Stray Animals Ordinance, the Entire Animals Ordinance, the Herd Ordinance and the Pound District Ordinance shall cease to be operative within the Village on the coming into effect of this By-law passed by the council in pursuance of the powers conferred upon it by the Village Act

(20) Any person or persons found guilty of a breach of this by-law shall upon summary conviction forfeit and pay a penalty not exceeding \$100.00 and costs for every offence and in default of payment thereof it shall be lawful for the justice so convicting to sentence the offender or offenders to imprisonment in the nearest common goal, with or without hard labor, for a period not exceeding sixty days, unless the said penalty and costs including the costs of the commitment be sooner paid.

21 All fines imposed for the violation of this by-law shall be paid over to the treasurer of the Village for the benefit of the same.

Done and passed in council assembled at the Village of Edgerton this 8th day of February A.D. 1918

A. GUY, Reeve
GEO. H. JOSS, Sec-Treas.

If moths are in the carpet spread a damp cloth over the part and press with a hot iron. The heat and steam will kill the moths and eggs.

Of the world's population there are between three and four millions who are always on the sea.

MENS KHAKI COLORED BEDFORD CORD Work
PANTS, Extra tough and durable, with belt loops and
cuffs 7.25

MENS BLACK WOOL CASHMERE SOCKS Medium
weight per pair 1.00

Our range of **WORK SOCKS** is complete with all
weights per pair .30c to \$1.50

C. G. FORRYAN

General Merchant

CHAUVIN ALBERTA

BLOTT & HAYHURST

ATTENTION FARMERS

WHY NOT BEFORE SENDING THOSE MAIL ORDERS
AWAY LET US QUOTE YOU PRICES ON OUR LINE OF
GOODS.—NO ORDER TOO SMALL OR TOO LARGE
WE WOULD APPRECIATE A TRIAL ORDER

BLOTT & HAYHURST

Grocery and Hardware Merchants
RIBSTONE

EXAMINE OUR

IRIS WARE

An extra heavy base covered with blue outside
and white inside, with an exceptionally
GOOD FINISH

Higher in Quality Lower in Price

J. A. Montjoy

CHAUVIN

ALBERTA

SPOT CASH

FOR YOUR

CREAM, BUTTER, EGGS & POULTRY

SPECIAL 61
No. 1 58
No. 2 55
BUTTER 38
EGGS 50
CHICKEN, DRESSED 22
CHICKEN, LIVE 17

A. J. ROBINSON,

E. C. D. BUILDING

CHAUVIN

FOR 'PROMPT' DRAY SERVICE

— PHONE 32 —

D. E. CAHILL,

CHAUVIN

RAW FURS BOUGHT FOR SPOT CASH

COYOTE, MUSKRAT, and WEASEL WANTED

LIBERAL GRADING

PROMPT PAYMENT

A. J. ROBINSON

E. C. D. BUILDING, CHAUVIN

CHAUVIN AGENCY

for the

TOFIELD COAL CO..

Per Carload, F.O.B. Chauvin, per ton \$5.00

Retail, Off Car, per ton. \$5.75

Delivered in Town on in bin, per ton, \$6.25

Per Carload, F.O.B. Ribstone, per ton \$5.00

Per Carload, F.O.B. Artland, per ton 5.25

QUOTATIONS FOR OTHER POINTS ON APPLICATION

Call, write, phone, or wire

G. M. BEATTIE

T. H. SAUL BUILDING, CHAUVIN

CURTAINS and CURTAIN MATERIALS

To Beautify The Home At Moderate Cost

Figured Curtain and Draping Scrim with colored flowered patterns per yard .85

Figured Curtain and Draping Scrim. White ground with pink popies per yard .90

Figured Curtain and Draping Scrim Majenta ground with colored flowers per yard .90

Ready-made Curtains in White, Cream and Ecru, fine quality Scrim, trimmed with lace and insertion splendid wear per pair, from \$2.25 to \$4.50

Colored Draping Cotton. blue ground with colored dalia pattern per yard \$1.00

Flowered Sateen suitable for Curtains or Drapery white ground with colored flowers, black ground with bright colored sweet peas per yard .75

Curtain Voile, plain, white and ecru per yard .85

Ecru Curtain Voile, with colored border per yard .85

Plain White Fine Lace Curtains in a variety of dainty patterns per pair, from \$1.25 to \$1.60

A Large Variety of Flowered Sateens and Other Materials Suitable for Curtains and Drapery

L. E. ROY, General Merchant, Chauvin

AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY DIRECTORS MEETING

A meeting of the Directors of the Agricultural Society held in the Union Bank, Chauvin at 3 p.m. February 4th, 1920.

Present Mrs. Armour, Chairman, Mrs. Pelton, Messrs Fuller, Tooth, Foreman, Strachan, Pitman and Ryall.

Moved by C. Ryall sec. J. Tooth, hat resignation of Lou Fanner as Director, be accepted. Carried.

Moved Fuller-Ryall, That Secretary write Mr. Fanner accepting his resignation and expressing regret at his loss to the Board of Directors. Carried.

Moved J. Tooth-Mrs. Pelton, That the Society present the Merchants Bank cup to Mr. Fanner at the next Institute meeting, Cup to be engraved with winners names. Carried.

Moved Foreman-Fuller, That Mrs. Armour be delegate to Agricultural Convention. Carried.

Moved Foreman-Tooth, That the Lady Directors revise Ladies Work and Childrens Department and have same published in Chronicle as soon as possible. Carried.

Calif Competition

Moved Mr. Strachan-Pitman, That For the best 1920 Calif Calf to be fed and cared for by boy or girl under 15 years of age-Calves to be halter-broken and shown by exhibitor in person. Entries to be judged for condition according to age. Prizes, 1st \$10; 2nd \$9; 3rd \$8; 4th \$7; 5th \$6; 6th \$5; 7th \$4; 8th \$3; 9th \$2; 10th \$1. Carried.

Moved H. Foreman-J. Tooth, That the Judges Books be a copy of the Prize List and state exactly what is to be judged. Carried.

Moved A. E. Pitman-Fuller, That a judging competition for Beef and Dairy Cattle be held for boys and girls under 15 years of age. Cattle to be shown in horse ring. Judges, Lady Directors revise Ladies Work competitors, and directors only be allowed in the ring. Prizes 1st \$6; 2nd \$4; 3rd \$3; 4th \$2. Carried.

Moved Tooth-Strachan That score cards for Judging Competition be printed and supplied to competitors. Carried.

Moved H. Foreman-C. Ryall, That a committee consisting of Mrs. P. H. Perry-Mrs. Pitman be appointed to solicit advertising for Prize List. Carried.

Moved J. Tooth-Mrs. Pelton, That this meeting adjourn. Next meeting to be held March 3rd. Carried.

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Moved J. Tooth-Mrs. Pelton, That this meeting adjourn. Next meeting to be held March 3rd. Carried.

WARBLE FLIES.

When an animal is attacked by warble flies for the first time it allows the fly to deposit her egg without showing any greater sense of discomfort than tickling with a straw would occasion. If the fly is persistent the first noticeable sign is that of annoyance, the animal will stamp or kick or switch its tail vigorously. The next thought the animal has is apparently to move away from the an-

noying insect, which it does by walking to another place. If the fly continues its pestering the animal begins to trot and finally gallop. When an animal is running in this manner it will be noticed that it frequently turns its head to try and see if the fly is still pursuing it and to do so pauses in its flight. If, at this moment, it finds that the fly is still pestering it, the fight will begin again with redoubled energy and with additional terror. In Health of Animals Bulletin No. 27, Scot's fly is called "Warble Fly" applied free upon application to the Publications Branch, Department of Agriculture, Ottawa, the above is given as the mental process an animal goes through when it is attacked by warble flies. Fear and terror inspired by these insects cause animals to lose

their heads completely and the results are often disastrous. Through a study of the fly's methods it is easily seen what an aggravating and annoying insect it is. The terror produced is contagious and spreads among the whole herd causing a stampede.

CATTLE BRANDED



are the property of L. A. Cayford Chauvin, Alberta.

CATTLE BRANDED



are the property of Surrette Bros Chauvin, Alberta.

CATTLE BRANDED



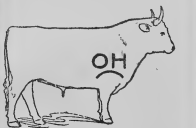
are the property of George Reynolds Chauvin, Alberta.

HORSES BRANDED



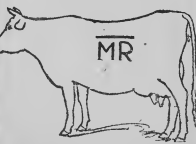
are the property of E. N. Evans, Edgerton Alta.

CATTLE BRANDED



are the property of W. O. Harris & Sons, 16-44-1, w 4th Chauvin, Alberta.

CATTLE BRANDED



are the property of A. W. Robinson, 14-44-1 with Chauvin

CATTLE BRANDED



are the property of L. O. Levesque, 7-42-1, w 4th Chauvin, Alberta.

HORSES BRANDED



are the property of A. W. Robinson, 14-44-1 with Chauvin

CATTLE BRANDED



are the property of Thos. Kitching, Ariland, Sask. Detention after this notice incurs prosecution.

INSURANCE

The Cheapest Rate for Farm Buildings is quoted at Forty Cents per \$100 per annum; Three years for \$1.20 per \$100; and this rate is only quoted by the WAWAESA MUTUAL ASSURANCE COMPANY. This is a purely farmers' company, and handles only farm property

INSURE NOW AND FEEL SAFE

Canadian Pacific Railway Lands: Call in and see the price list: 20 years terms, one-tenth cash payment with application; no further payment of capital until the fourth year. Interest at six per cent per annum. If the necessarily improvements are executed in the first year, the interest will be reduced to two per cent for two years. This is a good proposition, and these lands are being rapidly absorbed. Do not delay until too late, as these lands will be turned over again at a big profit.

Hudsons Bay Lands. I have the latest prices on all the holdings of the Hudsons Bay Company and am ready to quote you at any time. The terms are—8 equal payments with interest at seven per cent per annum. The prices are now down to a very low figure, and these lands are sure to turn out to be a good business proposition. Values will soar again, and the H.B. Lands are mighty good buying at present quotations. That quarter alongside your own will make a fine addition to your farm; and, believe me, it is better to be in on the ground floor when you buy.

Loan Companies have all kinds of Money to Loan on Improved Farm Property, First Mortgage. I am advised by one of the most reliable firms that their great concern at the present time is to find sufficient applications to take up this surplus money. Interest at eight per cent. Five or ten year terms. No commissions charged to the Mortgagor; and the costs of obtaining same were never so low as at the present time. If you are interested, call or write; but remember that there is no shortage of cash for this purpose.

TOM. H. SAUL
NOTARY PUBLIC

CONVEYANCING

OFFICIAL AUDITOR

WARNING

Last year we advised the early purchasing of requirements necessary for putting in the crop. A number of our customers took advantage of prices then prevailing. This year conditions are no better, with prices advancing daily and delivery of goods becoming more uncertain. If you can estimate your requirements in Harness and Hardware for the next six months, we strongly advise buying right now, before further advances are made. We will be glad to have the opportunity of showing you our stock, which is complete, in the above lines.

G. W. ALLAN & Co, Chauvin

THE TARRIFF

(Continued from Front Page)
would ensue and the result, I feel convinced, would be a new era of real progress and prosperity. The unrestricted flow of immigration from the States to this side would increase. Our vast areas of unoccupied arable lands would be filled, and both countries would rapidly realize that the failure of the treaty of 1911—for reciprocity—had been rectified.

Viewing the question as I do, from the point of view of a life-long Imperialist, there is nothing in my opinion, in the proposition that effects the Dominion, as a link of the Empire. The maintenance of that Empire in its most complete form, constitutes a direct asset for the United States. The continued progress and prosperity of the United States reacts on the Empire, and the two grouped together on a sound and healthy basis of political and commercial co-operation, would control—the World!

But, possibly may remark the severe Protectionist, you overlook the solid fact that today the Dominion debt stands at the figure of two billion, and if you abolish all duties, wipe out the tariff, in other words, how is the interest on the above to be met? Well, what of that? Is there anything to fear in the fact of a large debt? The actual circumstances leading to the existence of so large a sum are deeply to be deplored, but that our courage and capacity should quail at the situation, is to admit cowardice and a weakness. The black gloom of war has for the moment, passed, but in the sorrow its passage has left, the spirit and fortitude of the nation remains at the level, fully expressed by Tennyson in his noble lines:

"Stepping stones of our dead selves, to nobler things."

To raise the revenue for the business of the state, the only equitable manner is through direct taxation. A heavily graduated Income Tax, a still heavier scale of death duties, a tax on luxuries, a very low tax on an extremely limited number of commodities, the consumption of which is vast, (tobacco for example) and the cost running so low that the consumer is not affected or influenced in any way in the extent of his outlay. These are the tariffs and the taxes whose proceeds go into the coffers of the state intact not those of the tariff that travel through dubious paths, hoarded by groups, interests, candidates, privileged individuals, and all the rest of the predatory hordes that cause the Dollar to finally arrive at the Federal

Treasury, in a very thin and feeble state of health.

"Touching agriculture, what do we find? On every implement necessary to the business of the farmer, he has to pay a contribution to the manufacturer over and above what he should pay in order to swell the profits and accumulations of the maker. Very simple and pleasant for the latter, but an injustice to the farmer. Agriculture should be unhampered. It should be able to purchase the implements of its business at the lowest price, and of the highest grade of quality. Where these implements are made, whether in the United States or elsewhere should be a matter of indifference to the farmer. All that he is concerned with, is that he should pay the lowest prices at which it is made.

But perhaps the Protectionist may say: Where does the maker come in? How is the Dominion to increase in wealth and population, if the outside maker is not kept out by a tariff fence? If the maker was to be ruined by the extinction or reduction of the tariff, there would be points these goods. But the maker would not be ruined. What would happen in this case, profits and accumulations of capital would be lowered, a different matter to ruination!

We will start therefore with the Income tax. This is the most equitable form that taxation for revenue can take, and from it an immense return can be secured. It has only come into force in the Dominion since 1917 and is not yet in proper working order. This tax shows on a period of four years operation, in conjunction with the property tax, a result of only eighty millions. It has not as yet been levied in strictness, when it is, it should bring an amount at least equal to the amount collected in a similar tax in New Zealand, a Dominion with a population of one million as against our eight million. New Zealand collected in four years, something like twenty-seven millions. Our average wealth about equals that of New Zealand, in four years our revenue from that source would be two hundred million instead of eighty.

The Inheritance Tax, or Death Duties. This tax also is not yet fully developed as to operation. This is strictly collected, should easily bring in forty millions, or more, if care is taken to make all estates showing an income in excess of one million, pay on the scale of the United States and United Kingdom, similar tax. The farmers' platform includes this tax, among its schemes for direct taxation.

If carried through a commotion will arise among those affected. That is nothing and may safely be treated on the passing effervescence of impotent anger.

We come to luxuries—these need not occupy our attention. As luxuries they should be taxed, and steeply. Finally we reach the tax on certain articles of wide consumption. In this function tobacco. The revenue on this should be very large, based on so low a scale that the consumer would not at all be inconvenienced.

Concluding the above list I would, in addition, mention woollens. The manufacturer here contends that he would be swamped by the United Kingdom. This is incorrect. The Canadian meets the competition of the United Kingdom manufacturers whose geographical handicap favors the Canadian. His raw material has to import over immense distances covering insurance and freight charges. His finished article he has to export with renewed charges for freight and insurance. The Canadian reaps the advantage out of their situation. But the United Kingdom, man, sort his woollens into the Dominion, and in conjunction with the Canadian, they will between them, enable the purchasers of clothing, instead of paying as they do today, say 30 dollars for a suit that contains wool to the value of \$3 only, buy a suit at a far lower rate, made of wool.

Had time permitted, I would have liked to touch on a point, that though indirectly connected with our present subject, touches it closely—viz: the "relation of the farmer to the unoccupied areas surrounding him." When I mention that the area of unoccupied arable land in the three prairie provinces touches the outstanding figure of 30 million acres, the importance of the subject becomes clearer.

Over these viewpoints, that I have had the pleasure of touching on this evening, there are several additional ones upon which I would have liked to comment, in connection with protection and its tariffs, but as I hope some more talks, on this, and other subjects, I defer doing so to another that in the near future we will have and it is this: "The Farmers' Platform occasion."

Tonight I will add one more word, calls for "Free Trade within the Empire, within five years." If this be achieved, an immense step will have been gained along the road of justice for the inarticulate mass. Amazing interest can be derived from a study of Political Economy, even though it be generally regarded as the drist of the sciences. In concluding my little paper however, I can possibly show that it may be viewed in some of its situations, from the satirical angle, as the following from the pen of Mr. Charles Russell, an American writer, shows in the amusing sketch: "A popular meeting to demand the lowering of the rates."

"The chairman rises and declares in a loud voice that 'The time has come to reduce the Tariff. This he comes to repeat steadily, until the chorus seated at the rear, and, I repeat to state, much inclined to slumber, wake up, and in unison cries 'The time has come to reduce the Tariff.'"

"Then enter about seven or eight persons known as the Nays and Means Committee of the House.

They sit around a large table adorned with books (stage-properties) and many documents that are called one of these, and say:

"We will now proceed to reduce the Tariff, beginning with the Woollen Schedules."

Instantly a wall of anarchy pierces the air, and two thousand starving millionaire woollen manufacturers rush in and fall upon their knees before the Committee. In voices choked with sobs they relate their sorrows. They are already upon the Brink of Ruin; with the utmost difficulty they keep the wolf from the door. Of all the millionaires of the world, they are the poorest and most deserving, and nothing but the existing Tariff keeps them alive."

The Committee is, of course, much affected and instantly agrees to reduce the Tariff elsewhere than, on Woollens.

The same scene is re-enacted with every schedule. New groups of poor millionaires convince the Committee that if their subsidy is reduced they will be ruined—or at least, they will have to stop their campaign subscription; and in the end we find that the tariff has been reduced—that is to say acorns and perrywinkle shells have been placed on the free list, and the duty has been reduced 50 per cent on

dried, devilled and bifurcated nutmegs, no more than half wood. The happy Chairman rings down the curtain and the entertainment is over.

MANITOULAKE GRAIN GROWERS ASSOCIATION

The ordinary meeting was held on January 31st, when after routine business was concluded, Mr. Jukes addressed the members and friends. At the conclusion of his most able and altogether interesting paper a digest of which will be found in another column) Mr. Jukes was very heartily thanked. Of course there was plenty of discussion and every one had a most enjoyable and instructive evening. A most encouraging feature of the gathering was its size. The attendance was a record for recent times and this in spite of the almost (in some cases) impossible condition of the trails. The directorate are delighted accordingly and feel like putting still more heart into the work of the Association.

Have your eyes properly and scientifically tested by one who knows the business, by one who is here every day of the year to remedy any errors or make necessary repairs.
C. C. MCKECHNIE,
Optician and Druggist

ARTLAND AUTO LIVERY AND FEED BARN

Bring In Your Own Feed And Save Expense
Stall 25c

W. E. ROSE, Prop

ARTLAND

R. JUKES LIFE, FIRE AND HAIL INSURANCE LAND AGENT

ARTLAND

Saskatchewan

STRAW

100 TONS FOR SALE
AT \$3.00 PER TON

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OXY-ACETYLENE WELDING MACHINE WORK

AUTO REPAIRS Cylinders Re-bored and Fitted Winter Overhauling

ALL WORK GUARANTEED First Class Mechanics Employed
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MONEY TO LOAN

On Improved Farm Lands
Five to Ten Years Terms
Interest Rate, Eight Per Cent

A. C. GIFFORD, CHAUVIN, Alberta

SHORT COURSES

IN
AGRICULTURE

AND
HOME ECONOMICS

OPEN TO FARMERS AND FARM WOMEN OF ALBERTA
will be held in the

School of Agriculture

AT
VERMILION
MARCH 1st to 13th 1920

During the First Week of the Course in Agriculture, the subjects covered will be GAS ENGINES, TRACTORS, SOIL CULTIVATION and CEREAL CROPS. In the second week the work will include FEEDING & JUDGING LIVE STOCK, SOIL CULTIVATION and FODDER CROPS.

In the HOME ECONOMICS COURSE, instruction in the COOKING and SEWING will be carried through the two weeks. In addition to these subjects HOME NURSING will be emphasized in the first week, and POULTRY and DAIRYING in the second week.

J. G. TAGGART, Principal, School of Agriculture
Vermilion,

Application for Lease of Road Allowance or Surveyed Highway

Notice is hereby given that H. L. Bingham, of Chauvin has made application to the Minister of Public Works, Edmonton, for a lease of the following road allowance or surveyed highway, viz.

on the East Side of the N. E. quarter of Sec. 2 Twp. 44. Rge. 2 West of 4th. Meridian.

Any protest against the granting of the above mentioned lease must be forwarded to the Minister of Public Works, Edmonton, within thirty days from the date of this notice.

Dated at Chauvin

H. L. Bingham
(Applicant)

February, 18th, 1920.

Notice

In the matter of the Estate of THOMAS JONAS RINGSTROM, otherwise known as JONAS KINGSTROM, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims upon the estate of the above named THOMAS JONAS RINGSTROM, otherwise known as JONAS KINGSTROM, deceased, who died on or about the 18th day of June A. D. 1919, are required to file with NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY LIMITED, 16072 Jasper Avenue, Edmonton, Alberta, on or before the 15th day of April A. D. 1920 a full statement duly verified of their claims and of any securities held by them, and that after that date the administrators will distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto having regard only to the claims of which notice has been so filed or of which they shall then have knowledge.

Dated at Edmonton this 2nd day of February A.D. 1920.

GRISHACH O'CONNOR & CO.
Solicitors for the Administrator
16072 Jasper Avenue, Edmonton, Alberta.

Notice

Notice is hereby given that 1 Bay branded PS on left shoulder. with foal at side.

1 Strawberry Roan Mare, about 16 years old, both hind legs white, broad white strip in face, weight about 1000 pounds. Foal at side.

1 Bay Gelding, about 3 years old, strip in face, all four feet black, were impounded in the pound kept by the undersigned on Sec. 9-45-W3, on the tenth day of January A.D. 1920.

Given under my hand at Edgerton, Alta, this nineteenth day of January A.D. 1920

M. ANDERSON
C.O. E. C. HILL
1912 (2) C. 21, S. 13.

KEITHS LIVERY BARN, CHAUVIN

CATTLE BRANDED



are the property of Nelson & Son, Ribstone, Alberta

LEALHOLME U.F.A. & U.F.W.A.

A joint meeting of the Lealholme U.F.A. and U.F.W.A. will be held in the Prosperity School, Thursday, Feb 26th

CATTLE BRANDED



are the property of George Tessier, Chauvin

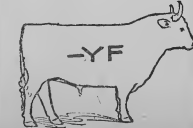
And Also
HORSES BRANDED

HORSES BRANDED



are the property of A. E. Keith, Chauvin, Alberta.

CATTLE BRANDED



are the property of Parcels & Foxwell Chauvin, Alberta.

CATTLE BRANDED



are the property of Jas. Semple, Box 234, Chauvin, S.E. 15-42-11

KEITHS LIVERY BARN, CHAUVIN

HORSES BRANDED 6



are the property of Omir Cote, Chauvin, Alberta.

CATTLE BRANDED



are the property of Fred Holbrook Chauvin, Alberta.

CATTLE BRANDED



are the property of Irving Neil, 15-44-1 with Chauvin, P.O.

CATTLE BRANDED



are the property of E. N. Evans Edgerton Alta.

CATTLE BRANDED



are the property of R. E. Pawsey, Edgerton, Alberta.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTS

LOST: 2 RED YEARLING STEERS clear red, white star on forehead, branded on left shoulder 20 reward offered. James White, Dunn, Alberta.

LOST: 1 RED YEARLING STEER, White face, red ring around each eye, branded W2 right hip, reward for V Information, Geo. A. Wolf, Edgerton

STRAYED TO MY PREMISES: One Red Steer, 2 years old. Branded a written W and printed D on left rib, dehorned. Fred Holbrook, 22-44-1-W4, Chauvin Alberta.

FOR SALE: QUARTER SECTION N.W. 1-4 2-46-2-4, 115 acres cultivated, 60 acres summer-fallow, fairly good buildings. Price \$20 per acre. \$1000 cash, discount for all cash. Will trade for cattle. L. V. Langille, Phone R. 102 Chauvin.

FOR SALE: CREAM SEPARATOR Will exchange for young hoes or calf. WANTED: TO BUY YOUNG HOES state price and age. Apply Adolph Ruf St. Dunn, Alta.

LOST: SORREL MARE. COMING 5 years, branded on right jaw S stripe on face, Tom Smith, Butze.

STRAYED: ONTO MY PREMISES One Red Steer with white spot, horns, brand on hip unreadable, Garfield Lawson, Arltand.

FOR SALE: CHEAP, CHICKEN House, 10 x 16. R. H. Beatty, Chauvin.

WANTED: MAN OR BOY, FOR farm work, must be gentle with horses Commence about March 15th. Wages paid monthly if desired. E. B. Lang, Chauvin.

RIBSTONE RECORD

Mr. Fred Dailyn and Mr. Russell Clifford spent a day or two in Unity last week.

Mrs. A. Williams left on Saturday for Saskatoon to attend the funeral of her sister-in-law.

Miss A. Saul teacher at Creshill spent the week end at her home in Chauvin.

Mrs. Smith who has been visiting her sister Mrs. L. Smith left for her home in Manitoba on Friday.

Mr. H. Burton has returned from Edmonton.

Miss A. Dobson has also returned home.

Miss Laura Clifford spent the week end at Mr. Robert Cliffords.

Several of our young people gathered at a party recently given by Mr. Robert Clifford and report having had a good time.

Some of our Ribstone folks took in the show held at Chauvin.

On Wednesday 4th a School meeting was held in Ribstone.

SPIRELLA CORSETS

CALL OR WRITE
MRS. BLOTT.
RIBSTONE

Agent for
SPIRELLA CORSETS

SHORTHORN CATTLE

Bull Calves
For Sale

Sired by
"Village Pride"
No. 95785

Strachan Bros.
Chauvin, Alberta

REGISTERED HEREFORDS FOR SALE

Three Bulls
rising 2 years

EXTRA
Good Calves

Nelson & Son
Ribstone, Alta

FOR THE BEST SERVICE
KEITHS LIVERY BARN, CHAUVIN

Fires Break Out

and thieves break in. Don't risk the first, or invite the second, by keeping money in the house.

Put it in The Merchants Bank, where it will be safe from loss—always available—and earn interest at highest current rates.



THE MERCHANTS BANK

Head Office: Montreal, OF CANADA Established 1864
CHAUVIN BRANCH, F. W. ANDERSON, Manager.
Sub-Agency at Arltand open Thursdays.
EDGERTON BRANCH, S. J. BOYD, Manager.

SPRING RYE For Sale \$2.35 per Bus. CLEANED

This is First-Class Seed, Threshed, before rains came, and Cleaned Ready to Sow.

Guaranteed Free from Noxious Weeds and Ergot.

Three Pecks per Acre is the right quantity to sow If seeded early the first crop can be cut for hay June 20

To those wanting seed: Come first week in March

R. A. FELTON, 3 miles south of stockyards CHAUVIN